Misused Words: Part II

Allude/Elude

• Allude is a verb meaning "to make indirect reference."

Example: In his creative writing, Andrew often *alludes* to Shakespeare's most famous plays.

• Elude is a verb meaning "to evade or escape from."

Example: The suspect *eluded* the police and fled the crime scene.

Complement/Compliment

• Complement is a noun meaning "a thing that completes or brings to perfection."

Example: Red wine is a fantastic *complement* to a good meal.

• Compliment is a noun meaning "a polite expression of praise or admiration."

Example: John gave Sarah several *compliments* on her new shoes.

• When **complement** is used as a verb, it means "to complete or enhance by providing something additional."

Example: The flavor of red wine *complements* a turkey dinner.

• When **compliment** is used as a verb, it means "to pay a compliment to."

Example: Noticing her new shoes, John complimented Sarah's outfit

• Complimentary can be an adjective meaning "free of charge."

Example: The hotel puts *complimentary* bottles of water in every room.

Critique/Critic

• Critique is a noun meaning "a critical review or commentary."

Example: I am required to write a *critique* of my favorite film.

• **Critic** is a noun meaning "one who forms or expresses judgment."

Example: Roger Ebert was a popular film *critic*.

• When **critique** is used as a verb, it means "to review or discuss critically."

Example: Red Letter Media critiques new movie releases.

Desert/Dessert

• **Desert** is a noun meaning "arid land with sparse vegetation."

Example: The Mojave *Desert* occupies parts of Utah, Arizona, Nevada, and California.

• **Dessert** is a noun meaning "a usually sweet course or dish usually served at the end of a meal."

Example: My favorite dessert is cheesecake.

Ensure/Insure

• Ensure is a verb meaning "to make sure, certain, or safe."

Example: Airline companies take several precautions to *ensure* the safety of their passengers.

• **Insure** is a verb meaning "to provide or obtain insurance on or for."

Example: I insured my house against rockslide damage.

Later/Latter

• Later is an adverb meaning "at some time subsequent to a given time."

Example: Viktor Fasth played his first National Hockey League (NHL) game on January 26, 2013, against the Nashville Predators. Three games *later*, he recorded his first ever NHL shutout in a game against the Colorado Avalanche.

• Latter is an adjective meaning "more advanced in time" or "being the second mentioned of two."

Example: Though Teemu Selanne accomplished great things during his first few years in the National Hockey League, he achieved much more in the *latter* stages of his career.

Farther/Further

• **Farther** is an adverb meaning "at or to a greater distance or more advanced point." Use *farther* to express physical distance.

Example: After driving for hours, we realized San Diego was *farther* than we had originally thought.

• **Further** is an adverb meaning "to a greater degree or extent." Use *further* when referencing metaphorical or figurative distance.

Example: To get a good grade on my test, I need to study further.

Wary/Weary

• Wary is an adjective meaning "marked by keen caution, cunning, and watchfulness especially in detecting and escaping danger."

Example: As children, we are told to be wary of strangers.

• **Weary** is an adjective meaning "exhausted in strength, endurance, vigor, or freshness." Example: The old man was *weary* from years of construction work.

Common Word Choice Errors

• **Addicting:** When something "causes or characterizes addiction," describe it as being *addictive*. Do NOT use *addicting* in place of *addictive*.

Correct example: Television is *addictive*.

• **Literally:** *Literally* means "without exaggeration." Only use *literally* when you want to describe something exactly how it happened. Do NOT use literally to exaggerate.

Incorrect example: "Her head *literally* exploded!"

• **Irony:** *Irony* is used to express that something happened contrary to expectations. For example, it would be ironic if a fire station caught on fire. Do NOT use irony to suggest coincidence. For example, it is NOT ironic if a lazy student receives a bad grade on an assignment.

Activity

Choose the correct word in the following sentences.

- 1. The book I am reading **alludes/eludes** to Mary Shelley's *Frankenstein*.
- 2. The airline service provided several **complementary/complimentary** gifts to comfort passengers.
- 3. Painters and graphic designers constantly use **complementary/complimentary** colors.
- 4. Don't be such a **critique/critic.**
- 5. Because I am dieting, I will skip desert/dessert.
- 6. The professor **insured/ensured** the class that the homework is easy.
- 7. The waitress asked me if I wanted a soda or a beer; I preferred the later/latter.
- 8. That couldn't be **further/farther** from the truth.
- 9. Be wary/weary of wild animals.
- 10. Video games are addicting/addictive.

Answer Key for Activity

- 1. alludes
- 2. complimentary
- 3. complementary
- 4. critic
- 5. dessert
- 6. ensured
- 7. latter
- 8. further
- 9. wary
- 10. addictive

References

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