

## Required Training (S15-7)

- 3.1 Procedures and principles for all personnel committees
- 3.1.1 Training. All committee members must be thoroughly trained in the use of the present university policies on Criteria and Standards and for Procedures for Retention, Tenure, and Promotion. Department chairs, college deans, and the Associate Vice President for Faculty Affairs shall arrange for appropriate training in the application of this policy.
- 3.1.2 Charge. Prior to deliberations, all members of a personnel committee shall sign a statement prepared by the Office of Faculty Affairs indicating that they have been trained appropriately, that they have read and understood the relevant policies, and that they will apply the policies fairly and accurately to the best of their ability. The statement shall also include their agreement to keep confidential all content of committee deliberations. The charge will be delivered by the AVP for Faculty Affairs, or the Dean, or the Chair, corresponding to the level of the committee. Committee members may not view dossiers or deliberate until after having signed the agreement.


## Agreement

## CONFIDENTIALITY AGREEMENT

As a member of an RTP Committee at San José State University, I understand that I may have access to confidential information about retention, tenure, and promotion deliberations for faculty candidates. This access to confidential information includes, but is not limited to, personnel discussions and voting during committee meetings.
By my signature below, I affirm that I have been advised of, understand, and agree to the following terms and conditions of my access to such information:

- I will use my authorized access to information (whether oral, written or electronic) only in the performance of the responsibilities as a member of the RTP Committee.
- I will avoid disclosure of information to unauthorized persons except as permitted under applicable University policy and/or Federal or State law.
- I understand and agree that my obligation to avoid such disclosure will continue even if and after I leave the employment of San José State University.
- I will exercise care to protect information against accidental or unauthorized access, modifications, disclosures, or destruction.
- When discussing information with other members of the RTP Committee, I will exercise care to keep the conversation private and not overheard by others who are not authorized to have access to such information.
- If I must recuse myself from a case, I will notify the chair (or if chair, other committee members) of my decision in advance. I will not access the dossier or participate in any discussion of that case.
- I will promptly report to the appropriate administrator if I become aware that others have broken the confidentiality covered by this Agreement.
- I understand that any violation of this Agreement or other University policies related to the appropriate release or disclosure of information may result in one or more sanctions including immediate termination of my access to that information, removal from membership on the RTP Committee, and/or disciplinary action as deemed appropriate by the appropriate administrator.
- I confirm that I have read and been trained in the RTP policies and guidelines, and that I understand and will apply them fairly and accurately to the best of my ability.


## Evaluations-Types

- Evaluation of professors' accomplishments is an annual endeavor.
- Two types of reviews
- Periodic --"Mini Reviews"
- Less prep of materials
- fewer review steps
- cumulative perspective (prior reviews included)
- Formative Steps
- Department Committee
- Chair (if not on committee)
- Dean
- Performance
- Retention, Tenure, and Promotion
- Dossier Review


## Evaluations-Timing

A New Faculty Cohort, Probationary Evaluation Plan (S15-7)


Preparing Dossier Pre-Closing Date



## Special Notes

- Committees and evaluators receive higher-level reviews
- Optional Response/Rebuttal
- Written Statement
- One each level
- Option to consult
- 10 Day window
- Late Add
- Materials are limited to those that became accessible after the closing of the dossier
- Statement that reports timeliness and pertinence to support improvement:
- Level of achievement in category
- Higher committee rating in category would affect outcome
- Late-Add Committee determines which items among those submitted advance to review
- New review at previous levels


## Committee Elections

- Elected
- by secret ballot
- only tenured and tenure track faculty may vote
- all eligible go on ballot
- all elected serve
- S15-7,3.1.3.2

Faculty elected to serve on RTP committees should consider that their participation affects the careers of colleagues as well as the well-being of students and the health of the University more generally. This service shall be their highest professional priority.

The Senior Director, Faculty Services is charged with supervising these committees to ensure compliance with RTP policies.

## Committee Membership

- Department T/TT faculty
- Vote on number and structure of committee(s)
- Elect the Department Committee's' members
- Elect their representative to the college committee
- Promotion candidates may not serve on tenure or promotion committees (may serve on retention, mini review, and/or range elevation)
- Chair
- may be elected and serve
- If serving, no separate review
- Has right to not serve and write separate review
- Committee members must
- Be of higher rank than candidates
- Be trained
- Understand policies (on UP-FS website)
- Be on academic assignment fall and spring semesters
- Sign confidentiality, training, and conflict of interest statement
- Report membership and sign (electronic equivalent) affirmation of outcome
- Abstain and recuse in advance. Abstain is not a voting option.


## Committee Reports

- Reasons for voting outcomes shall be written
- When personnel committee recommendations are not unanimous, - reasons shall be stated for all votes cast.
- A statement of the reasons shall be included in a single report from the committee,
- possibility of a separate "minority" report.
- In either case, the confidentiality of voting shall be maintained


## Committees

- Elect their own chair
- No one can serve on more than one level
- Required to Conduct committee votes by secret ballot
- Small departments may:
- supplement their committee with external faculty
- provide a representative to a College level committee
- elect representative from a related discipline
- elect another department's elected rep to be their rep


## Committees

- FERP may serve if
- Are employed both semesters
- Elected
- Approved by UP - FS
- No Department Chair/Director Evaluation
- Dept. Chair on committee
- Chair as RTP candidate
- Associate Professor Chair with Promotion to Full candidate
- May need to conduct special review of recruited faculty or administrators for rank and/or tenure
- Substantial material must be reviewed
- Up or down vote for rank and/or tenure


## College Committees

- Colleges at-large elect University RTP Members
- Departments nominate former college committee members
- College RTP Committee selects at least 2 for ballot
- Probationary and tenured faculty in the college elect the URTP representative from the slate
- College committees elect representative to Late-Add Committee
- CONFIDENTIALITY
- All Proceedings are deemed confidential
- Absolutely no "reporting out"
- Only positive outcomes may be publicly announced.
- Violations (and belief there was an injustice) should be reported to UP FS, not talked about


## Ethics -- S15-8



It is the role of evaluators to judge the level of achievement regardless of the form it takes, while respecting the academic freedom and professional choices made by each candidate.
$\square$ Evaluators should not substitute their own preferences for policy and should recuse themselves if necessary to avoid the possibility (or the appearance) of bias.
$\square$ Evaluators who recuse themselves should abstain from voting and absent themselves from discussion of a case.

Examples of attitudes that would warrant recusal include (but are not limited to):

- Hostility toward a candidate's ideology as expressed in a research agenda.
- Opposition to a candidate's choice of pedagogy when the pedagogy is exercised appropriately under curricular policy.
- Dislike of a candidate's emphasis in professional development when the emphasis is permitted by policy.
- Any personal or professional conflicts-of-interest such as those delineated in the University's policy on Academic Freedom and Professional Responsibility.


## Recusal

The recused counts toward quorum for meeting. Then is excused.

The recused does not count toward majority vote of Committee.

Evaluators who recuse themselves should abstain from voting and absent themselves from discussion of a case.

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## S15-7 Criteria for Review

Vote: Consists of rating for each area
A. Teaching
B. Research
C. Service

- Excellent
- Good
- Baseline
- Unsatisfactory


## Principles of Evaluations

1. Fairness/Formative Evaluations/Improvement
2. Academic Freedom Make this fair
3. Respect for disciplinary culture and goals (Department Guidelines)
4. Counting is not an assessment of quality
5. Holistic Evaluation
6. Synergies-Allows mention of accomplishment in more than one category
7. Advances SJSU's Campus Goals
8. High Impact Practices/Student Success
9. Promise of continued

a) Collegiality, good teaching, leadership in profession
b) University governance
10. T\&P Emphasis: Teaching and/or Research
11. Full Prof Emphasis: Service
12. Evidence of Performance
13. Evaluators and Administrators trained, sign reports
14. Teaching evaluations-same policies

## Teaching: SOTE/SOLATEs

CBA and University Policy F12-6 have established that SOTE/SOLATEs:

1. May not be the only form of evaluation
2. Should be used in context
3. All SOTEs $=$ All classes ever SOTEd must be in the dossier
a. teaching 15 units per year may occasionally remove up to one class's from consideration in any AY
b. Excluded classes, e.g., internships, supervision may not be SOTEd
4. Committee Members must understand the SOTE/SOLATE Interpretation Guide on UP - FA website, and other issues in policy

- College variation
- Course level
- Course required by curriculum?
- Potential bias
- Validity/Reliability with sample dynamics


## Do's \& Don'ts

- Do. Student statements provided outside regular evaluation process must be identified by name to be included.
- Don't. Unofficial student surveys ... are unofficial and the results may not be considered.
- Do. Departments may allow unbiased summaries of remarks
- Must be approved by the Department Chair or the AVP for IEA
- May only accompany, not replace remarks
- Use at discretion of the faculty member under review only
- Do. Chair may remove remarks completely unrelated to teaching, such as bigoted, hateful, based on appearance, or violate policies
- Don't. Quant. and Qual. SOTEs NEVER separated.
- Do. Students, if approved by department and dean, may meet with department committee


## Direct Observations of Teaching

1. You may see Department form/guidelines
a. approved by faculty vote
b. Chairs may discard/reassign reviewers if not followed
2. Frequency
3. Probationary, 1/AY
4. Associate to Full Dossier, $\mathbf{2}$ in period of revie:
5. May include more by Department guidelines
6. Administered following policy:
a. Equal, preferred higher rank reviewer
b. 5 days prior notice before observing class
c. Observed has 5 days to add rebuttal to file
7. Peer observers should:
a. Review other course documents, not just observe
b. Access as student when observing online classes
c. Be critical in reporting teaching quality
d. Provide formative feedback-to improve instruction
e. Note contextual, mitigating circumstances

## Other Teaching Materials

While Direct Observers will review other course materials... It is important that dossiers provide examples or evidence of good instructional techniques such as:

- Syllabi
- Course notes for students
- PPT Slides
- Assignments (with answers when appropriate)
- Videos
- Instructional plans
- Tests
- Anything else that impacts student learning

Those with other academic assignments will provide evidence of their activities and achievements.

## S15-8, At each level of review, evaluators rate three separate categories <br> -With a rubric of 4 levels



Research, Scholarship, and Creative Achievement

Service

| Excellent |
| :---: |
| Good |
| Baseline |
| Unsatisfactory |



## Decision for each Area: Level of Achievement

Excellent

Good

## Baseline

Descriptor
Defines this level

Descriptor
Defines this level

Descriptor Defines this level

Descriptor Defines this level

## Unsatisfactory

Task of committees and administrative evaluators:

Match the appropriate descriptor with evidence in the dossier

Department Guidelines Apply

## Department Guidelines

Departments may supplement S15-8 Criteria

- To assist higher levels of review
- Provide more detail about the nature of the work expected
- Should not contradict S15-8, University Policy prevails in those cases

Descriptions are developed in departments to supplement criteria for

## Unsatisfactory

Baseline Good Excellent

In one or more categories: 1. Teaching, 2. RSCA, 3. Service

## Approval Process

1. Seek assistance of the Dean
2. Voted on by
a. Probationary and tenured faculty only
b. Secret ballot
3. Submit to:
a. Provost's Office
b. Chair of Professional Standards
4. Posted on UP - FA website after Provost's approval

## Criteria

What does it mean to be excellent, etc.?

## Excellent

Good


Descriptors, each level that reflect typical professorial experiences. Cumulative in nature-explicit reference to prior levels.

## RSCA - Unsatisfactory

The candidate has not created scholarly, artistic, or professional accomplishments that meet the baseline level as described below.

## Criteria

RSCA - Baseline
The candidate has, over the course of the period of review, created a body of completed scholarly, artistic, or professional achievements and shows the promise of continued growth and success within his/her discipline.

## Criteria

## RSCA - Good

## Baseline

## Good

In addition to the baseline as described above, the candidate has created scholarly, artistic, or professional achievements that constitute important contributions to the discipline and that help to enhance the scholarly, artistic, or professional reputation of the candidate's department, school, college, SJSU, or the CSU more generally.

## Criteria

## Baseline

## Good

RSCA - Excellent
In addition to a good performance as described above, this level requires achievements of both sufficient quality and quantity to establish a significant, important, and growing reputation within the candidate's field. Excellence in scholarly, artistic, or professional achievement requires a body of work that is recognized as significant within the discipline.

## Service Criteria

## Unsatisfactory

The candidate has not documented service activities that meet the baseline level described below.

## Baseline

The candidate has undertaken a fair share of the workload required to keep the Department functioning well. This includes activities such as work on department committees, the creation or revision of curricula, the assessment of student learning outcomes, or participating in department planning, accreditation, outreach, and advising. A baseline level of achievement for promotion to Professor will also include at least some service at the University level.

## Good

In addition to the baseline described above, the candidate has also participated in significant service activities beyond the department. This will usually include college-level service and may include University level service, service in the community, or significant activities in a professional organization. In at least one facet of service, the candidate will have demonstrated leadership resulting in tangible, documented achievements.

## Excellent

In addition to a good performance as described above, the candidate has documented significant influence at a high level, whether it be service to students, the University, the community, or the profession. Candidates who achieve an evaluation of "excellent" in service will generally have occupied several elected or appointed positions of leadership and will document multiple specific accomplishments that have significance for people beyond the candidate's department or college.

## Teaching Criteria

## Unsatisfactory

The candidate has not documented teaching accomplishments that meet the baseline level as described below.

## Baseline

The candidate has taught assigned courses that are well crafted and appropriate for the catalog description. The candidate has taken measures to correct any problems identified earlier in either direct observations or prior performance evaluations. Recent direct observations are supportive. Student evaluations, taking into account the nature, subject, and level of classes taught, are generally within the norms by the end of the review period, particularly for classes within the candidate's primary focus and any curriculum specifically identified in the appointment letter.

## Good

In addition to the baseline as described above, the candidate has documented a degree of innovation within the teaching assignment. This could mean that the candidate has effectively taught an unusually wide range of courses, or that the candidate has created one or more new courses to fill important curricular needs, or that the candidate has documented the use of high-impact practices in teaching. Candidates meeting this level of achievement have at least some student evaluations above the norms, when taken in context of the nature, subject, and level of classes taught.

## Excellent

In addition to a good performance as described above, the candidate has either engaged in a higher level of curricular innovation than described above, or documented widespread positive impacts for student success, or achieved both student and peer evaluations that are consistently above the norms when taken in context of the nature, subject, and level of classes taught. Excellent teachers may have received recognition or awards for their teaching, they may have mentored other teachers, or they may have created curriculum that is adopted at other institutions.

# Standards for Promotion and Tenure at the Normal Time 

Tenure and promotion to Associate Professor Final rating must match these or better:


Baseline
"But there is no excellent in Service"
Or
2.

Various Profiles for Tenure and Promotion—Both or Neither

|  | Teaching | RSCA | Service |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Excellent |  |  | Excellent is Good |
| Good | $\Delta$ |  | $\square \bigcirc$ |
| Baseline |  | $\rangle$ |  |
| Unsatisfactory | No Tenure or |  | ny. |
| Candidate Candidate | = Tenure and promo <br> = Tenure and promo | = Tenure and promotio <br> = Tenure and promotio | granted granted |
|  |  | (:) = No tenure or | promotion |

## Standards for Promotion and Tenure Early

Favorable early decisions require a significantly higher level of achievement
Excellent in two categories and Baseline or better in the remaining category.
There are three minima:


## Standards for Promotion to Professor - Normal Time

1. At least Excellent in two categories and at least Baseline in the remaining category.


## OR

2. At least Excellent in one category and at least Good in the remaining two.

## Standards for Promotion to Professor Early

Associates may be promoted to Full Professor prior to serving five years in rank if receive:
Excellent in two categories and Good in one or better.
There are three minima:


## Voting: Level of Achievement for Each Category

To determine the level of achievement to assign for a category, committees will vote.

There will be three votes-one per category.

1. If committee members carefully read and apply the descriptors, there should not be wide disagreements about the appropriate levels of achievement.
2. The levels of achievement assigned by a committee will be the highest levels that receive a majority of the votes.

## Voting

The level of achievement assigned by a committee will be the highest level that receives a majority of the votes. (e.g., a 6-person committee)

The levels The vote: Majority?
The outcome and why

The committee decision is "Good" since Good is the highest level to receive a majority of votes

## Voting

## (8 person committee)

The levels
Excellent
The votes Majority?


Baseline


0/8 No

The outcome and why

The committee decision is "Baseline" since Baseline is the highest level to receive a majority of votes.
$4 / 8$ is not a majority.

## Voting

## (5 person committee)

The levels

## Excellent

Good


A committee cannot assign an "Unsatisfactory" rating unless a majority directly vote for the rating "Unsatisfactory."

## Voting

## (5 person committee)

The levels

Excellent

Good


1/5 No


Majority?


The outcome and why

The committee decision is "Unsatisfactory" since there is an absolute majority for unsatisfactory

## Voting for a level of Achievement within any given category

## (6 person committee)

The levels

Excellent

Good


The votes


Majority?


The committee is deadlocked since there is no majority for any outcome. 3 is not a majority of 6 . This results in "No recommendation" and is listed as "split."

