Epidemiology Quiz

Covers Chapters 1 & 2

1. Which of the following diseases is *not* one of the 5 leading causes of death in the U.S.

	 a. Accidents and adverse effects b. Diseases of the heart c. AIDS ** d. chronic obstructive pulmonary disease
2.	A factor that must be present for the disease to occur is called a: a. Contributory factor b. Sufficient factor c. Necessary factor **
3.	What event marks the beginning of the clinical stage of disease? a. Exposure to the agent b. Onset of symptoms ** c. Time of diagnosis d. First pathological changes
4.	Which type of prevention is intended to prevent new occurrences of disease? a. Primary prevention ** b. Secondary prevention c. Tertiary prevention
5.	Snow noted that fatal cholera cases tended to cluster around the Broad Street pump, but also searched for cases that seemed to contradict the normal pattern of infection. a. True ** b. False
6.	Which of the following describes a medically definable physiological or psychological dysfunction? a. a disease ** b. a sickness c. an illness
7.	What type of prevention are effectively administered insulin injections for the treatment of diabetes? a. primary b. secondary c. tertiary **
8.	The major causes of death 100 years ago were mostly acute and: a. chronic b. contagious ** c. non-contagious
9.	Fill in the blank: The preamble to the 1948 constitution of the World Health Organization defines health as "a state of physical, mental, and well-being"
AN	NS: social